requires each Federal agency to assess the effects of Federal regulatory actions on state, local, and tribal governments and the private sector, other than to the extent such actions merely incorporate requirements specifically set forth in a statute, and to determine if the rule might significantly or uniquely affect small governments. MSHA has concluded that small governmental entities are not significantly or uniquely impacted by this regulation. The final rule will impact about 10,800 metal and nonmetal mining operations of which about 400 sand and gravel or crushed stone operations are run by state, local, or tribal governments for the construction and repair of highways and roads. These entities may incur some additional costs to comply with the final rule. These costs, however, would be minimal and offset by the flexibility provided in the final rule. Notwithstanding this conclusion, MSHA will mail a copy of the final rule to these 400 entities.

List of Subjects in 30 CFR Parts 56 and 57

Emergency medical services, Metal and nonmetal mines, Mine safety and health.

Dated: September 18, 1996.

J. Davitt McAteer,

Assistant Secretary for Mine Safety and Health.

Parts 56 and 57, subchapter N, chapter I, title 30 of the Code of Federal Regulations are amended as follows:

PART 56—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 56 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 30 U.S.C. 811.

2. Section 56.18010 is revised to read as follows:

§ 56.18010   First aid.

An individual capable of providing first aid shall be available on all shifts. The individual shall be currently trained and have the skills to perform patient assessment and artificial respiration; control bleeding; and treat shock, wounds, burns, and musculoskeletal injuries. First aid training shall be made available to all interested miners.

PART 57—[AMENDED]

3. The authority citation for part 57 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 30 U.S.C. 811.

4. Section 57.18010 is revised to read as follows:

§ 57.18010   First aid.

An individual capable of providing first aid shall be available on all shifts. The individual shall be currently trained and have the skills to perform patient assessment and artificial respiration; control bleeding; and treat shock, wounds, burns, and musculoskeletal injuries. First aid training shall be made available to all interested miners.

[FR Doc. 96–24720 Filed 9–25–96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510–43–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 100

[CGD 05–96–042]

RIN 2115–AA97

Special Local Regulations for Marine Events; 18th Annual Wilmington Family YMCA–PHP Triathlon, Wrightsville Channel, Wrightsville Beach, NC

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of implementation.

SUMMARY: This notice implements the regulations for the swim portion of the 18th Annual Wilmington YMCA-Physicians Health Plan Triathlon, to be held in Wrightsville Channel between daybeacon 18 (LLNR 28050) and daybeacon 23 (LLNR 28065). These Special Local Regulations are needed to control vessel traffic within the immediate vicinity of the event due to the confined nature of the waterway. The effect will be to restrict vessel traffic within the regulated area for the safety of the participants in the event.

EFFECTIVE DATES: 33 CFR 100.513 is effective from 6 a.m. to 9:45 a.m., September 29, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: QMC C. Bush, marine events coordinator, Commander, Coast Guard Group Fort Macon, PO Box 237, Atlantic Beach, NC 28512–0237, (919) 247–4554.

DISCUSSION OF REGULATIONS: The Wilmington Family YMCA will hold the swim portion of the 18th Annual Wilmington Family YMCA-Physicians Health Plan Triathlon at Wrightsville Beach, North Carolina. The event will consist of approximately 700 swimmers racing in a section of Wrightsville Channel between Wrightsville Channel daybeacon 18 (LLNR 28050) and Wrightsville Channel daybeacon 23 (LLNR 28065). Therefore, to ensure the safety of the swimmers, 33 CFR 100.513

will be in effect for the duration of the event. Under provisions of 33 CFR 100.513, a vessel may not enter the area between daybeacons 14 and 25 without permission from the Coast Guard patrol commander. Since the waterway will not be closed for an extended period, commercial traffic should not be severely disrupted.

Dated: June 24, 1996.

Kent H. Williams,

Vice Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard, Commander, Fifth Coast Guard District.

[FR Doc. 96–24641 Filed 9–25–96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–14–M

33 CFR Part 165

[COTP Charleston 96–052]

RIN 2115–AA97

Safety Zone Regulations; Back River and Foster Creek; Charleston, SC

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is establishing a temporary safety zone for the U.S. Border Patrol Training Academy Small Arms Range at the Charleston Naval Weapons Station. The safety zone will become effective at 6 a.m. Eastern Daylight Time (EDT) on September 1, 1996 and will terminate at 12 a.m. Eastern Standard Time (EST) on December 1, 1996. This safety zone is needed to protect vessels and personnel from safety hazards associated with small arms fire.

EFFECTIVE DATES: The regulation is effective at 6 a.m. EDT on September 1, 1996 and will terminate at 12 a.m. EST on December 1, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lieutenant Jeffrey T. Carter, Coast Guard Marine Safety Office Charleston, at (803) 720–7701, between the hours of 7:30 a.m. and 4 p.m. EDT, Monday through Friday, except federal holidays.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 533, a notice of proposed rulemaking was not published for this regulation and good cause exists for making it effective in less than 30 days from the date of publication. Following normal rulemaking procedures would have been impractical. The information to commence firing at the small arms range was not received with sufficient time to publish proposed rules prior to the event or to provide for a delayed effective date.

Discussion of Regulations

The temporary safety zone is being established for the U.S. Border Patrol